DIABETES MEDICAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (School Year)		
Student's Name: Date of Birth:	Diabetes □Type 1; □Type 2 Date of Diagnosis:	
	HomeroomPlan Effective Date(s) :	
	Noncroomnan Encoure Bate(o)	
CONTACT INFORMATION Parent/Guardian #1: Ph	one Numbers: HomeWorkCell/Pager	
	none Numbers: Home Work Cell/Pager	
Diabetes Healthcare Provider Ph		
	lationship:Phone Number: HomeWork/Cel/Pager	
EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION: Notify parents of the following conditions (If unable to reach parents, call Diabetes Healthcare Provider listed above)  a. Loss of consciousness or seizure (convulsion) immediately after Glucagon given and 911 called.  b. Blood sugars in excess of mg/dl  c. Positive urine ketones.  d. Abdominal pain, nausea/vomiting, diarrhea, fever, altered breathing, or altered level of consciousness.		
MEALS/SNACKS: Student can: □ Determine correct portion	ns and number of carbohydrate serving	
Time/Location Food Content and Am	ount Time/Location Food Content and Amount	
□ Breakfast	☐ Mid-afternoon	
☐ Midmorning	· —	
Lunch	After PE/Activity	
If outside food for party or food sampling provided to class:		
BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITORING AT SCHOOL:   Yes  No	Type of Meter:	
If yes, can student ordinarily perform own blood glucose checks?	? □Yes □ No; Interpret results □Yes □No; Needs supervision? □Yes □No	
Time to be performed:  Before breakfast  Midmorning: before snack  Before PE/Activity Time  After PE/Activity Time  Mid-afternoon  Dismissal  Place to be performed:  Clinic/Health Room  Dismissal		
OPTIONAL: Target Range for blood glucose:mg/dl tomg/dl (Completed by Diabetes Healthcare Provider).		
INSULIN INJECTIONS DURING SCHOOL: ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Parent/Guardian elects to give insulin needed at school)  If yes, can student: Determine correct dose? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Draw up correct dose? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Needs supervision? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Needs supervision? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Insulin Delivery: ☐ Syringe/Vial ☐ Pen ☐ Pump (If pump worn, use "Supplemental Information Sheet for Student Wearing an Insulin Pump")		
Standard daily insulin <u>at school</u> : ☐ Yes ☐ No	Correction Dose of Insulin for High Blood Glucose:	
Type: Dose: Time to be given:	If yes: □Regular □Humalog □Novolog Time to be given:	
	□ Determine dose per sliding scale below: □ Use formula:	
Calculate insulin dose for carbohydrate intake: □Yes □No	Blood sugar: Insulin Dose: (Blood glucose –	
If yes, use: □Regular □Humalog □Novolog	Blood sugar: Insulin Dose:	
# unit(s) per grams Carbohydrate	Blood sugar: Insulin Dose:	
☐ Add carbohydrate dose to correction dose	Blood sugar: Insulin Dose: units of insulin	
OTHER ROUTINE DIABETES MEDICATIONS AT SCHOOL:	IVes II No	
Name of Medication Dose	Time Route Possible Side Effects	
EXERCISE, SPORTS, AND FIELD TRIPS  Blood glucose monitoring and snacks as above. Quick access to sugar-free liquids, fast-acting carbohydrates, snacks, and monitoring equipment.  A fast-acting carbohydrate such asshould be available at the site.  Child should not exercise if blood glucose level is belowmg/dl OR if		
SUPPLIES TO BE FURNISHED/RESTOCKED BY PARENT/GUARDIAN: (Agreed-upon locations noted on emergency card/nursing care plan)		
□ Blood glucose meter/strips/lancets/lancing device       □ Fast-acting carbohydrate       □ Insuln vials/syringe         □ Ketone testing strips       □ Carbohydrate-containing snacks       □ Insulin pen/pen needles/cartridges         □ Sharps container for classroom       □ Carbohydrate free beverage/snack       □ Glucagon Emergency Kit		

MANAGEMENT OF HIGH BLOOD GLUCOSE (over	mg/dl)	
✓ Usual signs/symptoms for this student:  □ Increased thirst, urination, appetite  □ Tiredness/sleepiness  □ Blurred vision  □ Warm, dry, or flushed skin  □ Other	Indicate treatment choices:  ☐ Sugar-free fluids as tolerated ☐ Check urine ketones if blood glucose overmg/dl ☐ Notify parent if urine ketones positive. ☐ May not need snack: call parent ☐ See "Insulin Injections: Correction Dose of Insulin for High Blood Glucose" ☐ Other	
MANAGEMENT OF VERY HIGH BLOOD GLUCOSE (over mg/dl)		
✓ Usual signs/symptoms for this student  □ Nausea/vomiting □ Abdominal pain □ Rapid, shallow breathing □ Extreme thirst □ Weakness/muscle aches □ Fruity breath odor □ Other	Indicate treatment choices:  ☐ Carbohydrate-free fluids if tolerated ☐ Chcck urine for ketones ☐ Notify parents per "Emergency Notification" section ☐ If unable to reach parents, call diabetes care provider ☐ Frequent bathroom privileges ☐ Stay with student and document changes in status ☐ Delay exercise. ☐ Other	
MANAGEMENT OF LOW BLOOD GLUCOSE (belowmg/dl)		
✓ Usual signs/symptoms for this child	Indicate treatment choices:	
□ Change in personality/behavior □ Paleness □ Weakness/shakiness □ Tiredness/sleepiness □ Dizziness/staggering □ Headache □ Rapid heartbeat □ Nausea/loss of appetite □ Clamminess/sweating □ Blurred vision □ Inattention/confusion □ Slurred speech □ Loss of consciousness □ Seizure □ Other	If student is awake and able to swallow, givegrams fast-acting carbohydrate such as:	
IMPORTANT!!		
If student is unconscious or having a seizure, presume the student is having a low blood glucose and:   Call 911 immediately and notify parents.   Glucagon ½ mg or 1 mg (circle desired dose) should be given by trained personnel.   Glucose gel 1 tube can be administered inside cheek and massaged from outside while awaiting or during administration of Glucagon by staff member at scene.   Glucagon/Glucose gel could be used if student has documented low blood sugar and is vomiting or unable to swallow.   Student should be turned on his/her side and maintained in this "recovery" position till fully awake".   SIGNATURES   I/we understand that all treatments and procedures may be performed by the student and/or trained unlicensed assistive personnel within the school or by		
EMS in the event of loss of consciousness or seizure. I also understand that the school is not responsible for damage, loss of equipment, or expenses utilized in these treatments and procedures. I have reviewed this information sheet and agree with the indicated instructions. This form will assist the school health personnel in developing a nursing care plan.		
Parent's Signature:		
Physician's Signature	Date:	
School Nurse's Signature:	Date:	
This document follows the guiding principles outlined by the American Diabetes Association  Revised February 3, 2003		